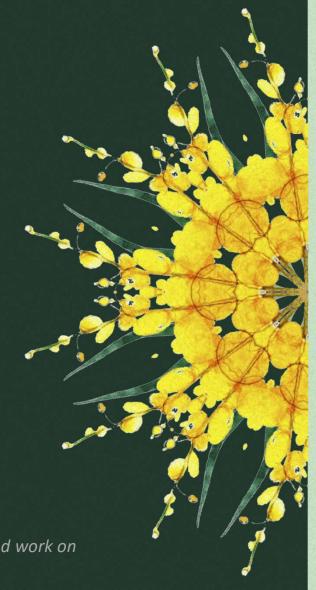


# ESTABLISHING KNOWLEDGE INFRASTRUCTURE TO SUPPORT RESTORATION SUCCESS

Maurizio Rossetto

**Head of ReCER** 

www.recer.org.au

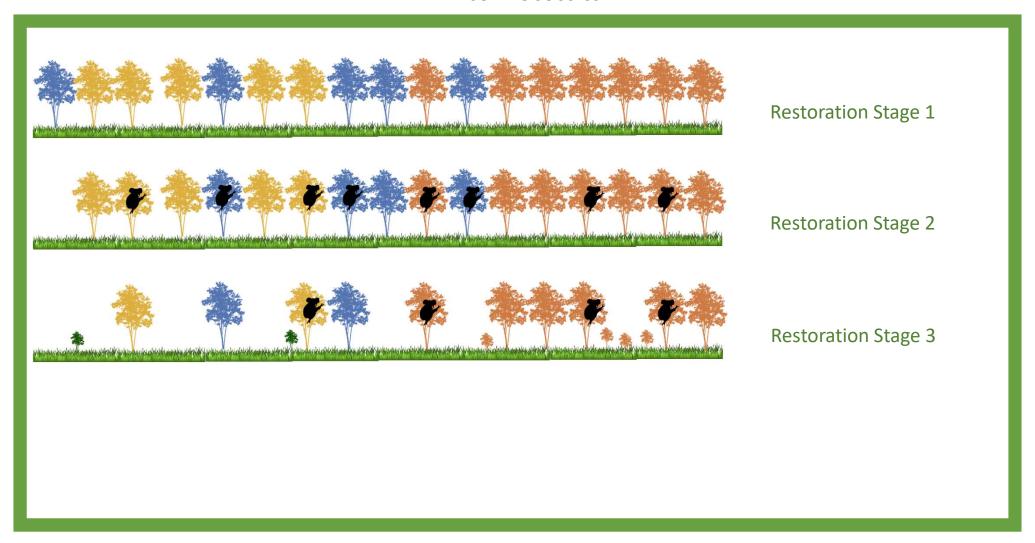


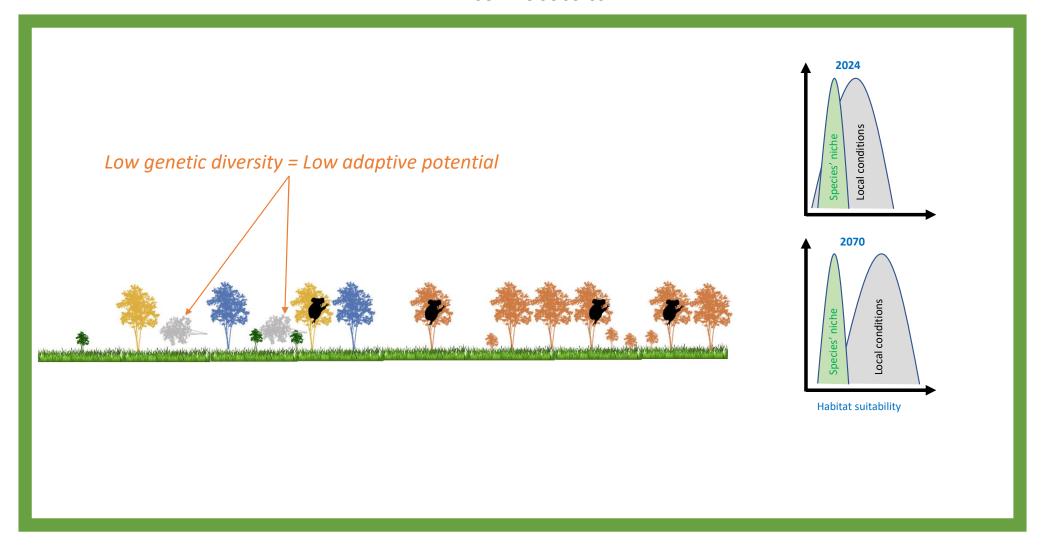
We acknowledge the Traditional Custodians of all the Lands we live and work on

# Restoration success is a long-term game

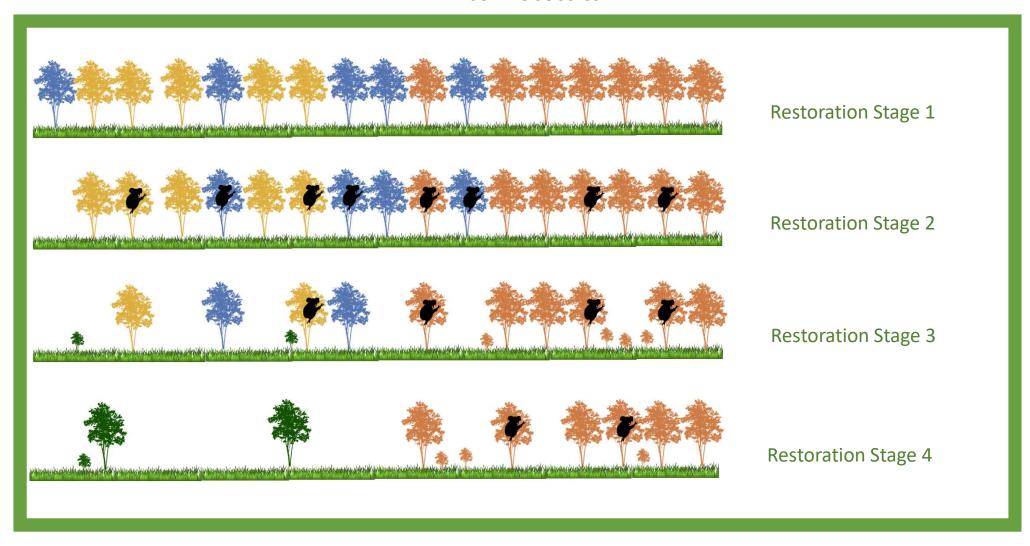
*Quantity* ‡ *Quality* 

Knowledge gathering and on-ground activities are not mutually exclusive processes









### Genomic Knowledge Infrastructure

Technological advancements and economy of scale = unprecedented opportunities

### MULTIPLE SPECIES = ECONOMY OF SCALE

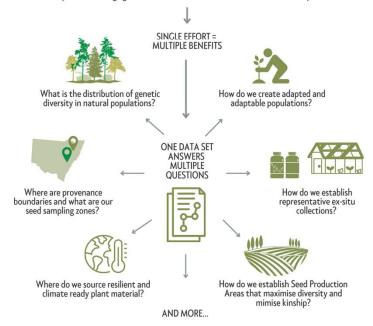


Practitioners/stakeholders identify multiple target species and support relevant sampling.

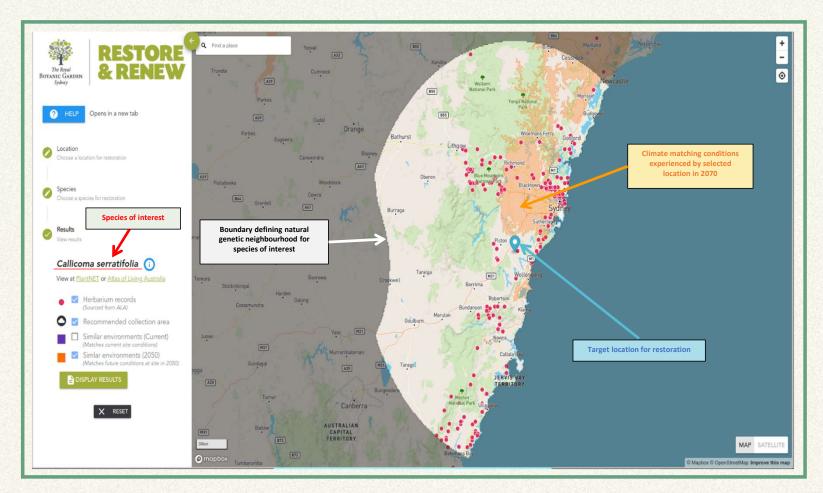


Commercial laboratory extracts DNA, performs sequencing and data analyses, and provides practitioners with standardised informative results.

The acquired knowledge guides the restoration of resilient forests at a landscape scale.



# Restore & Renew restore-and-renew.org.au





Provide easily accessible, evidence-based, genetic and climatic guidance to restoration practitioners

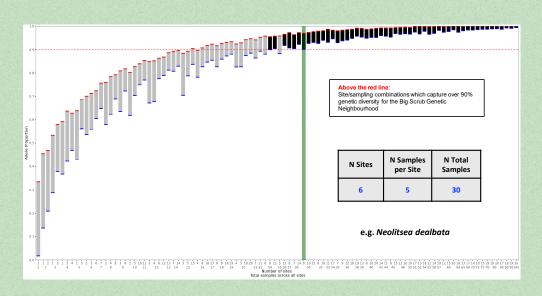


Research Centre for Ecosystem Resilience (ReCER)

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## Genetically optimised seed production areas

- Design Seed Production Areas for 60 rainforest trees (including common and rare species)
- Maximise diversity, consider climate resilience, include practical considerations





Big Scrub Rainforest Conservancy https://bigscrubrainforest.org/



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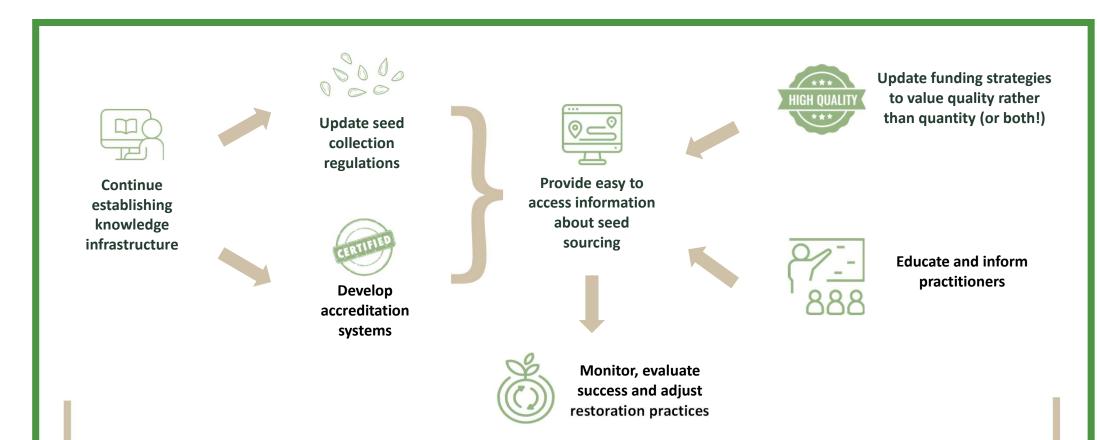
# Genetically optimised seed production areas

Validation trials

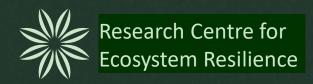


 Same information can be used to sample wild seed while waiting for plantations to grow

| Stage 1- 23 key structural species   | NNSW            |                     |                               | Future Climate  |                     |   |  | Combined                    |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---|--|-----------------------------|
| Scientific name                      | No. of<br>Sites | Samples<br>per site | Total trees<br>for NNSW<br>GN | No. of<br>Sites | Samples<br>per site | Total trees<br>for future<br>climate GN |  | total trees<br>for planting |
| Argyrodendron trifoliolatum          | 5               | 5                   | 25                            | 3               | 3                   | 9                                       |  | 34                          |
| Brachychiton acerifolius             | 6               | 4                   | 24                            | 0               | 0                   | 0                                       |  | 24                          |
| Cryptocarya glaucescens              | 4               | 5                   | 20                            | 2               | 5                   | 10                                      |  | 30                          |
| Cryptocarya obovata                  | 4               | 4                   | 16                            | 2               | 4                   | 8                                       |  | 24                          |
| Cryptocarya triplinervis var. pubens | 3               | 5                   | 15                            | 1               | 5                   | 5                                       |  | 20                          |
| Diospyros pentamera                  | 5               | 5                   | 25                            | 2               | 4                   | 8                                       |  | 33                          |
| Diploglottis australis               | 5               | 5                   | 25                            | 2               | 3                   | 6                                       |  | 31                          |
| Doryphora sassafras                  | 5               | 5                   | 25                            | 0               | 0                   | 0                                       |  | 25                          |
| Dysoxylum mollissimum                | 4               | 4                   | 16                            | 2               | 4                   | 8                                       |  | 24                          |
| Elaeocarpus obovatus                 | 4               | 3                   | 12                            | 2               | 4                   | 8                                       |  | 20                          |
| Flindersia australis                 | 3               | 4                   | 12                            | 2               | 5                   | 10                                      |  | 22                          |
| Flindersia schottiana                | 3               | 5                   | 15                            | 2               | 5                   | 10                                      |  | 25                          |
| Flindersia xanthoxyla                | 3               | 4                   | 12                            | 2               | 4                   | 8                                       |  | 20                          |
| Neolitsea dealbata                   | 8               | 3                   | 24                            | 3               | 4                   | 12                                      |  | 36                          |
| Pentaceras australe                  | 3               | 5                   | 15                            | 2               | 4                   | 8                                       |  | 23                          |
| Planchonella australis               | 4               | 5                   | 20                            | 0               | 0                   | 0                                       |  | 20                          |
| Sloanea australis                    | 5               | 4                   | 20                            | 0               | 0                   | 0                                       |  | 20                          |
| Sloanea woollsii                     | 6               | 4                   | 24                            | 2               | 3                   | 6                                       |  | 30                          |
| Stenocarpus sinuatus                 | 4               | 4                   | 16                            | 2               | 4                   | 8                                       |  | 24                          |
| Syzygium crebrinerve                 | 4               | 5                   | 20                            | 0               | 0                   | 0                                       |  | 20                          |
| Syzygium ingens                      | 5               | 4                   | 20                            | 1               | 5                   | 5                                       |  | 25                          |
| Syzygium luehmannii                  | 3               | 5                   | 15                            | 2               | 4                   | 8                                       |  | 23                          |
| Wilkiea hugeliana                    | 4               | 5                   | 20                            | 0               | 0                   | 0                                       |  | 20                          |



### LARGE SCALE RESILIENT RESTORATION PRACTICES



# Thank You

Funding & Collaborators

































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